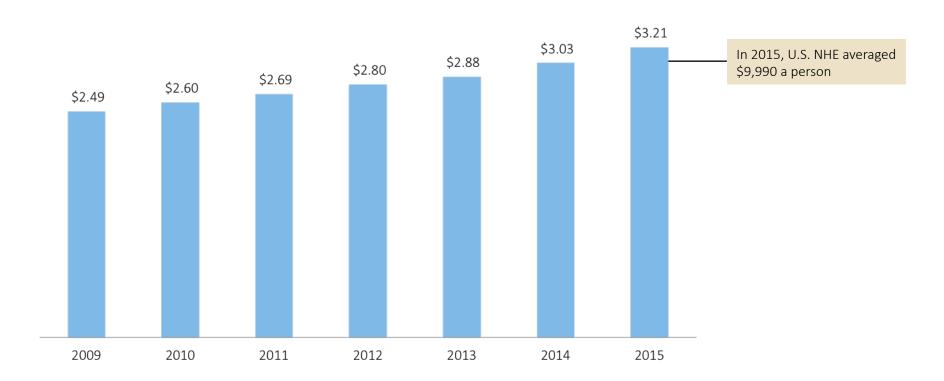
### In 2015, total U.S. healthcare reached \$3.2 trillion, the fastest rate of increase since 2008

Total national health expenditures (NHE), 2009-2015

Trillions of USD



# Following years of slow growth, 2015 sees the largest jump in health care spending since the great recession

Annual growth of national health expenditures (NHE), 2009-2015

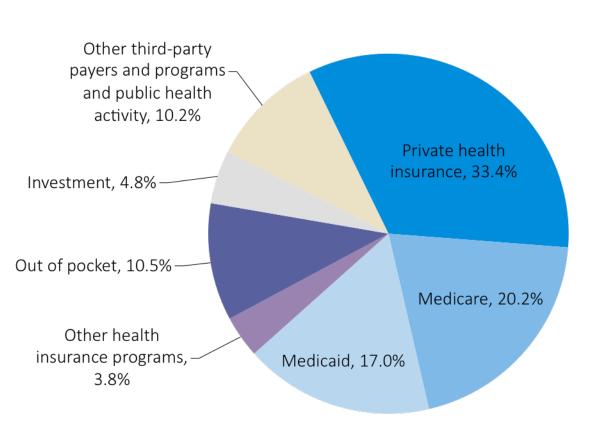




# Medicaid spending accounted for 17% of total national health expenditures in 2015

Breakdown of national health expenditures (NHE), by source of funds, 2015





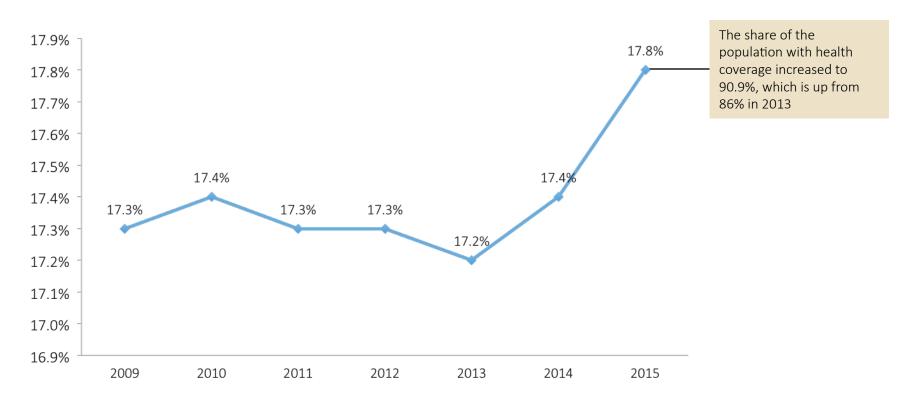
#### **Analysis**

- In 2015, private health insurance continued to be the largest payer of health care in the United States
- Private health insurance spending grew at a 7.2% clip, partly due to a notable increase in enrollment in employer-sponsored plans
- In 2015, total out of pocket spending, which consists of copayments, deductibles, coinsurance and any spending on noncovered services, increased by 2.6%
- Total Medicaid spending by federal and state and local governments reached \$545.1 billion in 2015 and continued to grow at a strong rate of 9.7% after growth of 11.6% in 2014
- Medicare spending reached \$646.2 billion in 2015, up 4.5% over 2015; increased enrollment in Medicare helped drive this growth

# In 2015, health spending accounted for 17.8% of the nation's economy

#### National health expenditures (NHE) as a percentage of GDP, 2009-2015

Billions of dollars



### Medicare spending grew 4.5% in 2015, down slightly from 4.8% in 2014

### Annual growth of Medicare expenditures, 2009-2015





### Total Medicaid spending in 2015 reached \$545.1 billion in 2016 and accounted for 17% of total national health expenditures

### Annual growth of Medicaid expenditures, 2009-2015

Percentage gain

